# THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION: *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON

VOL. IV.—NEW SERIES.—WASHINGTON CITY D. C. SATURDAY JUNE 14, 1851 VOL. IV Whole Number MCCCIV



THE HUNTRESS

Edited and Published

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY JUNE 7, 1851


## THE TONGUE BRIDLE.

By T. S. Arthur.

[Concluded.]

'Give me patience!' Harriet ejaculated, her face growing pale with passion.

'You are wrong Harriet,' said Ann, 'thus to be so much exasperated at a mere trifle. Reflect whether almost every day you do not, in speaking of your friends, allude to their faults in a way that you could not bear to be spoken of. This is too common a practice; and be assured that you do not always escape in this general habit of censoriousness. You are not faultless, and it is not the nature of things that you should be.'

Harriet could not collect her thoughts for a reply, and Ann, after a pause, went on.

'If, when Maria Ellis, under the influence of a momentary ill-nature, as she frankly confesses herself to have been, spoke of me as she thought, in calmer moments, you had restrained your propensity to repeat such things, no harm could have resulted from her thoughtless, and I might say, innocent allegation.—With the frankness of a generous spirit she at once confessed her fault, and all would have been well again, if she had not thoughtlessly repeated what I had said in my note to her about you.'

But Harriet Wilson, though conscious that she had acted wrong, was so much incensed, as well as mortified that others should think her wrong, that she neither could nor would confess her fault, but braved it out with anger and defiance. As soon as she had gone away, Ann sat down and penned a note to Maria Ellis—

'DEAR MARIA—It seems that our little difficulty is not yet ended. I have just received a visit from Harriet Wilson, who has treated me in a very strange manner about what I said in my last note to you in reference to her fondness for retailing ill-news. I am sorry that you communicated that to any one, as it has not only prevented my making an effort to show Harriet her fault, but has called down upon me her indignant censure.

Yours &c.

Ann Harris.'

'What is the matter now?' asked Mrs. Ellis, who saw by the sudden change in her daughter's countenance that the note she had received was by no means an agreeable one. 'No more doings of the unruly member, I hope.'

Maria's face clouded deeply as she handed her mother the note. After she had read it, she felt more kindly for she easily felt confusion in her unpleasant position.

'You have not put on the right tongue bridle yet, I see.

'I suppose not. But indeed ma, I am sorry to be guarded how and to whom I speak. I never should have dreamed that Clara Lee would have gone right on to Harriet Wilson and told her what I said.'

'But the best way is not to speak unkindly of any one.'

'How could I have helped it mother, in this case?'

'By simply questioning yourself as to your real motive for making the communication. It was not to do Harriet Wilson good, was it?'

'Well, I can't say, mother, that it was.'

'Your real motive was to make Clara Lee think meanly of her, was it not?'

'Why ma! do you think I—' Maria paused, and looked upon the floor, while her face crimsoned.

'Prove yourself thoroughly, my child. It is of the first importance for you to know distinctly your true character. If you have taken pleasure in the idea of injuring another because she has wronged or offended you, you have indulged in an evil affection, and unless that evil affection had lain concealed in your mind, it never could have been aroused into activity.'

Maria looked thoughtful and concerned, and her mother continued—

'Surely my child, it is not by indulging the evil that it is to be weakened, much less by concealing it, even from yourself; after its indulgence! It is better to look it in the face, confess that it is wrong, and then try and shun it.'

'I think so her, I now begin to see what you mean by a to gue-bridle,' Maria said, looking up seriously in the face of her kind adviser.'

'Well my child!'

'It is that we should shun the cause of evil speaking!'

'That is it Maria! If we condemn the feeling that prompts us to speak unkindly of others, and try to conquer it, we

'I see it plain enough, dear mother, and I am resolved to try and put the true bridle upon my tongue!'

And Maria did try to some purpose:—The little difficulty that she was in, was amicably settled, for she had all the parties together, confessed her fault, and urged a general reconciliation. If, at any time afterwards, she felt the desire to indulge in unkind words, she turned her thoughts inward to the unkind feelings that she was in little danger of indulging the bad habit. But if we only curb the busy little members at the same time that we desire to speak censoriously, we will be sure, sooner or later, to be betrayed into a word that had better not have been uttered. Kind feelings for, and a desire to do good, to others, is the best tongue bridle.'

that prompted them, and she was soon so much engaged in trying to conquer those feelings, that the desire to speak from them passed away. She had found the TRUE TONGUE BRIDLE.

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A miserly old lady during the Revolution kept a tavern. One day a half famished soldier called for something to eat. Some bones pretty well picked, were placed before him. After finishing them, a little son of the landlady noticing that the soldier found it difficult to make a dinner, put some money in his hand as he left. When his mother came in, he asked her how much it was worth to pick the bones. 'A shilling,' said she, expressing the money. 'I thought so,' replied he, and I gave the old soldier a shilling for doing it.'

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'Julius, why don't you oblong your pray at the Springs?'

'Case massa, dey charge too much.'

'How so Julius?'

'Why de landlord charged dis colored individual with stealing de spoons.'

## ABOLITIONISM.

We see from the northern papers the 'Shadrach,' who was forcibly rescued from the officers at Boston, is now in Canada, in utter destitution, and that in his necessities he was forced to write to the United States for relief. To whom did he write? To whom did he set forth his sufferings? To whom did he make his appeal? To a freesoiler! To an abolitionist? No. He made his appeal to one who was not connected in any manner with freesoilism or abolitionism.

This fact contains volumes. It furnishes full and ample corroboration of what we said some time since. It proves that neither the freesoilers nor the abolitionists have any regard for the African race, and that philanthropy has nothing to do with their fanatical conduct. They have no regard for the slave. They wish only to commit a felony, and to rob the master of the slave. That accomplished, they have no regard for the negro, they have seduced and stolen, or violently rescued. The robbery having been committed, they are satisfied—and they spurn the slave they have seduced and stolen. They will not give him a shelter, nor will they give him a crust of bread when he is starving in a strange land.

The New York Journal of Commerce has on many occasions—certainly in more than one or two—obtained subscriptions in order to purchase the freedom of the slaves or to comply with the conditions of deeds of emancipation. Not long since it raised a fund to send to Liberia some forty slaves, who were emancipated on the condition that they should be sent to Liberia. Since then it raised, by soliciting subscriptions, the means of purchasing the freedom of more than one fugitive slave. Not very long ago it published a statement which proved that not a dollar of these various subscriptions had been paid by an abolitionists and free soilers is a mere cheat—a mere pretence—that they are not willing to pay a dollar, or even to give a crust of bread to the slave they have stolen from his master at great risk and great cost.

How is this phenomenon to be accounted for?—how is it to be explained. We have considered the subject attentively. We have considered the motives which regulate human action. We have made all due allowance not only for idiosyncrasies, but for even absolute lunacy and madness. But there is only one hypothesis to explain the singular result we witness. That is the presence of some exterior element, some cause operating from beyond the borders of the United States. We have no hesitation in saying what that cause is. We feel perfectly confident that British gold and British influence are at the bottom.

England finds a great rival this side of the Atlantic, England sees a nation which in a few years can speak to her in tones of authority. At the North, England sees that her commercial supremacy is no longer supreme, at the South, England sees a people that can in a day stifle and choke her manufacturing wealth. England therefore wishes to divide, and by dividing, to destroy this mighty confederacy. England wishes to separate the shipping interest of the North from the producing interest of the South.

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ONLY ME.—A lady had two children, both girls. The elder was a fair child, the younger was a beauty and the mother's pet. Her whole love centred in it. The elder was neglected; while 'sweet,' (the pet name of the younger,) received every attention that affection could bestow. One day after a severe illness, the mother was sitting in the parlor, when she heard a childish step upon the stairs, and her thoughts were with her favorite.

'Is that you sweet?' she inquired.

'No ma'am,' was the sad and touching reply, 'it isn't sweet, it's only me.'

Then the heart-stricken, and from that hour, 'Only me,' was restored to an equal place in her affections.

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A young lady being asked why she did not attend a party to which she had been invited, replied, 'I forgot all about the party, and am onions for dinner.'

## THE ROSE AND THE GRAVE.

The tomb once asked the grave, 'tis said,
What dost thou with the tears
That heaven each night on thee hath shed;
Through all departed years.

Since you to question me presume,
Oh grave, the rose replies,
I give them back in sweet perfume,
Each morning to the skies.

But what dost thou, I ask in turn,
And may an answer crave,
With all the loved we daily mourn,
Thou ever open grave.

Dost thou not know, replies the tomb,
Sweet rose that we are even,
I make of each within my womb,
An angel pure for heaven.

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## KINDNESS!

By Miss C. Allen.

There is a flower 'mong all the rest;
I'd rather she in bloom,
It wins the heart, awakens love,
And ever yields perfume.
It grows not on the lowly earth,
Where flowerets briefly stay,
But has a richer dwelling place,
And sheds a hallowed ray.

It lives within the mental shrine,
With inmate mystic power,
Throwing its pleasing charms around
And cheers each passing hour.
While much we love the little gem,
Though yet unknown to fame,
It is of holy origin,
And Kindness is its name.

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## FARMER'S POETRY.

When summer comes and warms the air;
The fainting breezes blow;
Where sunny banks of blossoms fair
In splendid beauty grow:

The rapid stream, the shady grove,
And valleys fresh and gay,
Where every eye with pleasure roves
Among the winding way.

The sprightly birds of plumage gay,
In beauty's dress appear,
They sing their notes on lofty spray,
To greet the listening ear.

The bees in search of honey roam,
Around the neighboring fields,
And in the evening gather home
The fruit their labor yields.

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Taste, with respect to beauty, has become so very corrupt in modern times, that deformity is fast usurping the place of nature. Mrs. Ellis has been laboring to improve the standard of taste by a series of lectures to the ladies of England, and we think her remarks very applicable to the latitude of America. The following extract from one of her lectures is, particularly, worthy the attention of our fair readers,

'My pretty little dears, you are no more fit for matrimony than a pullet is to look after a family of fourteen chickens. The truth is, my dear girls, you want, generally speaking, more liberty and less fashionable restraint, more kitchen and less parlor, more leg exercise and less sofa—more making puddings and less pudding—more frankness and less mock-modesty; more breakfast and less bustle. I like the buxom, bright-eyed, rosy-cheek, full-breasted bounding lass, who can darn stockings, make her own frocks, mend trousers, command a regiment of pots and kettles, milk the cows, feed the pigs, chop wood, and shoot a wild duck, as well as the Duchess of Marlborough, Queen of Spain—and be a lady withal, in the drawing room. But as for pining, moping, wasp-waisted, pasty-faced, mischief-mongering: never-devouring daughters of fashion and idleness, with your consumption soled and calico shifts—you won't do for the future wives and mothers of England.'

If you would be happy, behave well.

# THE HUNTRESS

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY JUNE 14, ::::1851


### A Holy-Day, The *Levee*.

It being near the time when we withdraw within doors during the hot sons of July and Auguest, we made a farewell visit to our friends on Tuesday last! and though unable to see the one half of them, we had a pleasant time of it—after exchanging mutual salutations with our friends, introductions to the new comers,* and all the elite of the war and Navy Departments, we bent our way with our two 'helps,' to President Fillmore's Levee, held every Tuesday at 1 o'clock.

This ceremony differs somewhat from that of his predecessor. The ladies only, walked into the reception-room, took seats, or walked about at their option, and awaited the appointed hour; when President Taylor walked in, with a smile, and going up to each with or without an introduction, shook hands with them, meantime the gentlemen walked in and the President faced about. In the present case [which is the usual one,] the reception-room is kept empty, and ladies and gentlemen walk about, or sit promiscuously in any of the rooms till the hour appointed arrives, when the President came in, dressed in a very neat black coat, and took his stand in the centre of the room, and the company are admitted. President Fillmore has changed but little since he was in Congress. He is stouter perhaps, and fuller in the face, which is smooth as a young ladie's. President Fillmore was always reckoned a Chesterfield in his manners—but never appeared to more advantage than on the present occasion. His graceful attitudes, his ineffable smile, and fine manly figure, may vie with any President that has ever occupied the White House.

Note Our paper was so far ahead we could not take in all our pr ra ts th s week, and therefore, much to our regret, they will not appear till next week.

* Amongst whom we found some choice spirits from Virginia and Massachusetts, alike renowned for their bravery, and mutal resistance to British tyranny.

NINE CHEERS to the noble and patriotic Statesman, Burt, of S. C., and the same and more, to our noble kinsman, Senator Butler. We have just heard of their praiseworthy efforts to restore peace to their afflicted State, and stopped the press to announce it.

### CHURCH AND STATE.

Look out ye people of the Coast, (the river settlements in the South-west are called the Coast.) we warn you to look out for the agents of this dangerous party, who are still throwing their fire-brands amongst them.

A lady of this city who moved with her husband to the Western States, with a view of settling upon a farm—finding none to please them they have returned to this city, meantime they stopped a few weeks in Illinois at Rock-Island,

Upon their arrival here, the lady called upon us, and amongst other things inquired whether we knew of any lady in this city besides ourselves, who published a newspaper, that the people in the neighborhood where she tarried in Ill.—informed her that a paper came there printed in Washington, and published by Mrs. Bailey, and was very zealous in the Catholics, but the lady in question, did not know any such person or paper, and inquired if it were true, we replied it was true, that a lady by that name edited a paper in this city, and we had exchanged with it, but never saw anything malicious in it; but of course we did not read much of it, if it be true and it comes very straight, it is quite serious matter. This is not christian conduct, nor is it decent.

The paper in question is called the 'Friend of Youth,' if she teaches slander, falsehood, and hatred of her fellow-creature, or what is tantamount to it, putting the paper containing it, into their hands, under the name of 'Friend,' she not only violates the Laws of God and man, but teaches the youth through her paper to do the same thing. Thus as we have always said, riots, robberies, and mobs spring from the want of a proper system of education.

The lady has lived among Catholics some time in this city, at least a person of that name, we dare say she found them kind and charitable.

### THE LEAGUE.

(Continued from last Huntress.)

On the 17th of last April, the subject of this league was first made public. The propositions were divided into five parts, under the signature of 'J. K. A Bangor Maine, April 24th 1851, in May 10th following it appeared id the National Era, and on May the 17th, we published it in the Huntress, and have it still under consideration—but never saw it adverted to since, (though we watched for it narrowly) till the 5th instant, when it is again mentioned in the Nat. Era, but much softened, the plot however, does not seem to have met with much encouragment.

In the National Era of the 5th instant, the league is again brought up under another name as follows;

### "ORGANIZATION.

To the editor of the National Era,

'A recent suggestion of mine, which you were pleased to insert in your paper, appears to have attracted some little attention, long after I had supposed it buried in oblivion. A writer in the Pennsylvania Freeman gives the proposed Constitution for the Union of Freedom, and approves of it as a means of moral reform, though he supposes 'the author himself hardly dreamed that it could be made available for political purposes.' In this, he has done injustice to my dreaming capacity, but as he does not specify the objections on this score, I must pass them by, as it would be too lengthy a task not only to combat his arguments, but also to suppose them."

Their sly treachery obliges them to use great caution, and they only lift a part of the veil. The name is changed from *League* to the Union of Freedom, and the plan is changed contrary to the wishes of the gentleman, who is the author of the above communication, which see—

"The plan is also noticed in a communication to the last number of the Era, from 'J. K. A.' and in an article credited to the Vermont Freeman. The latter suggests an amendment to the name which I adopt, only remarking that I wished to avoid the word Liberty, so as not to run the imputation of identity with the Liberty party. The letter advises the levy of a moderate annual subscription from each member. An excellent suggestion—and if the plan succeeds at all, the contribution need be but very moderate to insure a vast amount of revenue and consequent power.

But on this point I beg to differ from both of them—they do not go quite so far as I would have them, in refusing to even irritate the old politicians by forming a party organized as they are and working as they do. They both speak of imitating the old parties in the important particular of setting up a platform, a creed, which the public are to suppose in some manner identified with their success. Now, I do hardly believe it possible to bring the organization to life without this thorn in its side, because I hardly dare to believe that the triumph of the right can yet be made certain, but fervently as I seek the right would I seek this means to attain it. Down with the platforms! they are bantlings of Hunkerism! Not that they will lose us the aid of thinking men, because thinking men will think differently—of conscientious men, because conscientious men will shrink from the support of principles not all their own. Not because they will provoke friends into enemies by stinging into life some dormant prejudice, some half-healed antipathy, and arm our enemies with a well-stored quiver of poisoned misconstructions."

We should like to know why he (as he seems to be at the head of the plot) does not wish to be identified with the liberty party—if his object be the liberty of the slave. This proves that the slave question is not the object of the league, which is exactly what we affirmed of it from the beginning.

A close observer if he loves peace, liberty, and happiness, by looking over this 2d edition of the league as a 'Union of Freedom,' [its new name] can see and judge for themselves. For although the same thing could have been expressed in a few words, instead of dribbling it out to a column, a sharp eye can soon see the point of bearing. Such for instance as a 'Constitution for the Union of Freedom,' which we should take to be one to supersede the Constitution of the United States. But be not for that, what is it for? Was there ever such a set of fools! and again, "Fervently as I seek the right would I seek the means to attain it. Down with platforms." This we leave to the Lords of creation to investigate, not being a judge of the matter ourselves. It looks like crushing the freedom of opidion however—but being anxious to finish the first edition of these Simon-pures, we will point to but one more; rather suspicious suggestion—not that we believe Dr. Bailey publishes such treason against common sense from principle, but from pecuniary motives But here it is—

"If Union should be co mmended by one man. But for two considerations I would not roll this labor from my shoulders, for where there is a will, and a good will, I do not hold it necessary to wait for a great name of shining talents, but those two considerations are, that in the place in which I live I know no anti-slavery man, and no anti slavery man knows me For fortunately then, for the cause, it is necessary to nominate for this purpose the most fitting man, for character and position, that can be found—and that man I nominate is Gamaliel Bailey."

But Dr Bailey refuses the honor thus—

"I must decline that nomination, differing from our correspondent in relation to the qualifications of the nominee.'

Their caution will be seen throughout this 2d edition, only a small portion of the veil is raised, and gives a more extensive view of the future.

From hints we have heard it is our opinion Gen. Scott is their man under their new Constitution, upon the downfall of the present Constitution. Alas, for them, they will never see that day.

It is difficult to tell however what they would be at, they are so deplorably ignorant. We find nothing in their speeches or writings but a stupid unintelligible jagon, the effusion of a disordered brain, which has neither beginning, middle, nor end—though aimed at human life and liberty

Now any gentleman who parades such stuff in a public newspaper, has very little to do, to say the least of it.

### THE LEAGUE, Continued from last Huntress.

"This would secure at once a permanent basis of action, and would thrust the most thorough and valuable discussions into the hands of those persons, in every portion of the country, to whom and thro' whom they would be of the greatest service."

He is speaking of money. Why does he not trust to the Lord, as christians are commanded to do? because he is a knave and a hypocrite. 'But the Lord wants money,'—have they their match.

"I am not acquainted with the machinery of the English Leagues, but should suppose their experience, and possibly their form of organization, would be of great value as a guide.

4. It is proposed that the associate branches in the several districts would hold stated meetings, and provide all the needful and usual agencies for placing the matter fully before the public mind—the immense value of thus offering the calmest, broadest and maturest views, backed by the highest intelligence is what needs no dwelling on. For one conspicuous service there is no estimating the amount of loose, violent declamatory statement which it would quietly supersede, nor on the other hand of apathy and nervous tremor which it would revivigorate."

Of great value as a guide," a guide for what, to form a monarchial government? What does any honest American want with British models of organization? they may want instruction in the use of the bayonet, but as for incendiarism, murders, mobs, robberies, rapine, and that worst of all crimes—in short the usual resorts in civil wars, they need not send abroad for guides or instructions. Their 'hopefully converted' pupils are very competent for any thing of that sort, as the daily reports of crime proves. We shall keep a look out for a 3d edition.

### 03-Presbyterian New School.-03

If the following be true, and they stick to it, it is the best news we have heard in many years.

"The Presbyterian General Assembly—new School. This body, at its recent session in Utica, refused to pass any resolution against the Fugitive Slave Law, considering it a matter of civil government alone—a resolution pronouncing the requirements and provisions of said law, 'entirely opposed to the impulses of humanity, to the principles of justice, and to the precepts of the Bible,' was rejected, with three dissenting voices; the Committee made the following report, which was adopted,"

Previous to the appearance of this report, we saw another report from the Old School Presbyterians, signifying a boast that anti-compromise party "had received its quietus" from the new school. When we reflect that the one is the daughter of the other, and both are responsible or the creation of all those money making societies, revivals and expeditions throughout the country, extending their numbers and increasing their funds—we have our doubts and fears, that this action of the assembly will have no effect on the course of preparation for the great onset—they may have thought the plot not ripe enough.

### CAN THE ABSENT BE FORGOTTEN.

Can the absent be forgotten?
Can their memories ever die?
Were they loved, to be remembered
As a shadow of the sky?
Can the early ties that bound us,
Like the morning dream depart?
Forbid it heaven, for then will cease,
All truth fullness of heart.

Can the absent be forgotten,
Though their place we regret?
No Lethe springs from this fair earth;
By which we can forget.
There is something in the memory
Of those we love and lost,
Upholds love's barque o'er Time's vast sea,
However tempest tossed.

Can the absent be forgotten?
Can he hope that we have kissed—
The hand that we have pressed in ours,
Be lost, and not be missed?
Can the heart that throbbed to our hearts throb,
The cheek that sought our breast,
As the swallow, wearied from afar,
Seeks its own chosen nest—

Can all these be forgotten—
As a foot print on the sand.
The dew upon the hawthorn leaf,
We brush off with our hand?
Oh! no, there is a faith in love,
Whose impulses are pure,
That, like the eternal mountains, God
Created to endure!

### FARMER'S POETRY.

When summer comes and warms the air,
The jaunting breezes blow,
Where sunny banks of blossoms fair
In splendid beauty grow.

The limpid stream the shady grove,
And valleys fresh and gay,
Where every eye with pleasure roves
Along the winding way.

The sprightly birds of plumage gay,
In beauty's dress appear,
They sing their notes on lofty spray,
To greet the listening ear.

The bees in search of honey roam,
Around the neighboring fields,
And in the evening to their home
The fruit their labor yields.

The morning opens lovely fair,
And breathes a sweet sounds
The rose the lily fill the air,
With fragrance from the ground.

At noon we seek the shade of trees,
Where clover plots invite,
To enjoy the sweetness of the breeze,
And view the [illegible]

## DR. PETTIT'S
## AMERICAN EYE SALVE,
SUPERIOR TO ANY KNOWN REMEDY
FOR DISEASED EYES,

*For Inflammation of that delicate Organ, whether Acute or Chronic—for Egyptian Ophthalmia—Atony of the Optic Nerve—Granulations of the Iris—Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands and weakness of Vision from any cause.*

Dr. J. PETTIT, a member of the MEDICAL SOCIETY of Onondago Co., N. York, and for forty years a successful practitioner of medicine, has by actual experiment, and a series of practice in a variety of diseases of the age, discovered a sciantific apportionment of ingredients, combining *soothing, healing, and strengthening properties*, that have resulted in effecting many ASTONISHING CURES, and have secured to the AMERICAN EYE SALVE, A DESERVED RENOWN, *unequalled in the history of any similar preparation.*

The AMERICAN EYE SALVE is recommended with perfect confidence to all who are troubled with *sore or weak eyes*, whether caused by acute or chronic inflammation,—of *strofula origin—weakness or defect of vision—distilled Rheum of the optic nerve—or too severe and long continued use of the eye.*

Please read the following statements:

A daughter of Mr. John Britton, No. 28 Commerce street, Newark, N. J., whose eyes had been exceedingly sore for *eighteen months*, was cured by the use of *one box* of AM. EYE SALAE.

Hiram Gove, of Spuid Adams, Mass., says—"*I gave a box to a boy who had been afflicted with sore eyes for* THREE YEARS *and it cured him.*" The balance of the dozen are all gone, and several have spoken to me for some. Can you send me a quantity by Express?

S. S. Bullum, of Uniontown, Ill., last fall purchased a dozen, and writes—*It has long been sold, and every box effected a cure.*

John Miller, of Millersburg, Ky., writes—"My father has suffered greatly for *forty years with Chronic Inflammation of the Eyes, and has been entirely cured by using* AM. EYE SALVE."

"Seeing what a cure it effected on him, I was induced to apply it to a SCROFULOUS SORE ON MY NOSE, which was much inflamed and ulcerated, having discharged matter for six years. To my surprise and astonishment, *by the use of one box, the ulcer was healed, and the cavity is filling out.*"

"A cousin, about eight years old, being afflicted *from infancy with sore eyes*, had used every other remedy for the AM. EYE SALVE, which has cured his eyes and also a *running sore on his face.*"

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Price 12½ cents. Contents—Lord Holland's Foreign Reminiscences; Original Letter of Wm. Pinckney; Madame de Genlis and Madame de Stael; The Peace Apostle; Maurice Tiernay, the Soldier of Fortune, chap. 29-31; Things Talked of in London; "I Sweeps the Crossings;" Precious Cargoes in England; A Twelvemonth in Calcutta; Jamaica in 1850; Abd-el-Kader and Lord Londonderry; Writings that are Revolutionizing Europe; Remonstrances against Romish Corruptions in the Church; Cheap Postage in 1830.

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## AMERICAN TOURIST,
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Containing Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order, hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c. &c.

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To Travellers.

The cars stop at the station marked ☞ five minutes for refreshments, where not otherwise mentioned.

*Trains* put up thus, 7 AM, 8 PM; 7 AM, 12 M, at the head of each railroad, are through passenger trains. The right hand must be taken, the times being in both going and coming.

The freight rates are classified as follows—heavy merchandise, as iron, coal, manure, plaster, &c; medium do. as grain lumber, heavy groceries, as butter, sugar salt, &c. light and bulky do. as tigar groceries, dry goods generally, &c.

## DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world.

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES

THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.
50,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c, together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of Sarsaparilla in the Market.

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D. P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island.

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most benefical results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Three Children.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; having taken only four bottles, it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

Yours respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 108. Woost
New York, March 1, 1847.

## THE VALLEY WHIG.

Published every Friday, at Pincastle Botetourt co. Va. —By Green James, & Joseph B. Lane, Proprietors.

TERMS.—Two Dollars and Fifty Cts. per annum, if paid at the time of subscribing, or Three Dollars after six months.

No subscription will be received for a less term than six months, and no paper will be discontinued except at the discretion of the proprietors, until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements will be inserted at the usual rates viz. One square of Fifteen lines or less first three insertions One Dollar, for each continuance 25 cents.

All communications to the editors, by mail, must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

## Scientiac American,

CIRCULATION 16,000
PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

At 128 Fulton, Store, N. Y., (Sun Building, and 13, Court street, Boston, Mass

Terms of Subscription,

The Principal Office being at New York A. E. Outerbridge & Son.
Dexter & Bro. New York City;
Weld, & co. New Orleans.

## PROSPECTUS
OF THE
## NATIONAL MONUMENT,

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

To be published in Washington, under the sanction of the Washington National Monument Society.

JAMES C. PICKETT, Editor and Publisher.

The Monument is intended to be a literary, agricultural, and miscellaneous paper. It will contain select portions of the literature of the day—the best that can be found in American and European publications, interesting scientific articles, embracing mechanics, foreign and domestic news, a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress, and everything that such a journal might be expected to contain, with the exception of party politics, which will be at all times most rigorously excluded.

The Monument will be published for the express and sole purpose of aiding in the erection of the noble column now *rising* on the bank of the Potomac, in honor of the Father of his Country, and which every one, who venerate the name of Washington, would rejoice to see completed. After deducting out of the subscription, the expense of the journal proposed to be published, the remaining funds will be faithfully applied, and without reserve, to the purpose indicated. The aid therefore, of all who are willing to contribute to so patriotic an object, and one so entirely national, is earnestly requested. By subscribing to the Monument a valuable journal at a low price may be obtained, while it will be doing something, at the same time, towards completing that majestic memorial of the Nation's gratitude.

The Board of Managers recommend Mr. Pickett, formerly Fourth Auditor of the Treasury and Charge d'Affaires to Peru, who proposes to edit and publish the Monument journal at one well-qualified to perform the duties of editor, and to conduct the paper, faithfully and satisfactorily to the subscribers. They assure their fellow citizens that this enterprise is not a speculation got up for individual emolument. Mr. Pickett will make the experiment with his own means and at his own risk, and if successful, he will receive nothing more, and he asks nothing more, than a very moderate compensation for his services. Not one dollar therefore, of the direct subscription to the erection of the Monument will be, in any event, applied to the support of the paper, nor the Society in any manner held pecuniarily responsible.

To give the public an idea of what may be done with the journal it is proposed to publish it may be stated that a list of fifty thousand paying subscribers, at two dollars each, will yield an annual net profit of from fifty to sixty thousand dollars.

☞ The postmasters and Secretaries of all organized bodies throughout the Union, are respectfully requested to act as agents in obtaining subscriptions, thus aiding the great object of our exertions.

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Washington City.

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VAN LOAN & CHASE present their compliments, and solicit an early visit to their

DAGUERRAN GALLERY.

at the ODEON, corner 4 1-2 street and penn avenue.

Where can be seen specimens of these exquisite Works of Art, which are pronounced by Scientific Gentlemen of the city to stand unrivaled either in Europe or America.

It is a common idea that these pictures will not stand the test of time. Ladies and gentlemen are apprized that all such defect is entirely removed these pictures will never fade or tarnish, and important improvements have been made, whereby a more pleasing resemblance can be obtained. Those who have been compelled to wait

## R W. LATHAM & CO'S. EXCHANGE & BANKING HOUSE.

Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat. Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the United States bought and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes, and bills on Washington Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, funds a charge of one quarter per cent, collections made on all the principle cities of the Union upon the most favorable terms.

Exchange, Bills of exchange and bank checks of the most principal cities of the Union bought and sold at the best rates.

## GARDEN SEEDS.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at
J. F. CALLAN'S
Drug store corner 4½ St.

Among which may be found the following, Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussels Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do. do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherlo, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergrass, cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet sugar plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes a variation, okra, excelent for soups, onions white seed and silver skin, plain and curld Parsnips, large Peas Perry early, and late pepper squash and other pumpkins Radishes, vegetable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest of turnips all the onion seeds &c

## THE FELLOWSVILLE DEMOCRAT,

Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsville, Preston county Virginia by S. Hearnans.

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars & and twenty five cents, at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adheared to.

Rates of advertisting. Twelve lines or less one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

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BY SNOW & WILDER,

At the Pathfinder office, No. 3 Washington Street, Boston, and sold by Newspaper and Periodical Dealers throughout the country.

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Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, No. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

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The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children; which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.

## EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN WITHERS & CO.

WASHINGTON D. C, 1851.

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We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds of any designated point within or without the Union.

Mr. William Selden, a member of the firm, and for many years past, the TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES, will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which he may be employed to conduct with any of the Departments with the Government.

Any business entrusted to our care will be transacted with fidelity, promptitude and upon the most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SELDEN,
(late treasurer of U.S.)
JOHN WITHERS,
Of Alexandria, Va.
R. W. LATHAM,
Of Washington City
L. P. BAGBY,
of Baltimore, Md.

PADUCAH (Ky) JOURNAL.

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Subscribers furnished with both the weekly and Semi weekly at $4 00 in advance, or $5 payable quarterly.

## THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

### UNRIVALLED INDUCEMENTS FOR 1852

A MAMMOTH PAPER.

DEVOTED TO MORALITY, LITERATURE, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS, AGRICULTURE, SCIENCE, ART AND AMUSEMENT.

This paper contains from one-fourth to one-half more, than the generality of two Dollar city newspapers.

The Proprietors of the SATURDAY EVENING POST return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public for the patronage extended to them since the enlargement of their paper, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. The belief expressed in their last Prospectus, that the POST is destined to take its stand at the very head of the weekly press, is fast becoming realized. The Circulation of this is in a great degree, to be found in the stand the POST has always taken against the immoral literature of the day. The public have felt, in the language of the North American and United States Gazette, of this city, that "The Post has done much towards correcting the taste of the newspaper reading public."

The proprietors of the Saturday Evening Post, in coming before the public with a new Prospectus, would respectfully solicit attention to what they have done in the past, as a guarantee for their promises of the future. They may fairly say that no other paper in America has given to its readers so large and well chosen an amount of all kinds of reading, elegant and useful imaginative and practical, during the last year as the *Post*. To any nothing of tales, tales and sketches, what paper has laid before its subscribers during the past year four such novelets as *Henery Benson*, 'The Child Stealer,' 'Isabel Denison,' and *The Deserted Wife*?

And the proprietors of the Post are determined, that if possible the coming year shall be even more brilliant than the past. To begin with they have already secured the following original contributions, which will be published, and other choice pictures of life during the coming year.

The Baymounts. A Novelet by Miss Leslie, author of "Mrs. Washington Potts &c. &c.

The Bride Of An Evening, A Tale Of Western Life. A Novelet, by Mrs Southworth, Author of "Retribution," "The Deserted Wife," &c

The Old Astrologer or, The Prophecy Fulfilled, A Novelet by T. S Arthur, Author of "Agnes or the Possessed," the Child stealer, &c,

The Belle And The Blue, A Novelet by Caroline Lee Hentz, author of "The Mob Cap," "Aunt Patty's Scrap Bag"

TERMS.

The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, if not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but may skingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post office!

4 COPIES, 8 (And one to Agent, or getter up of the Club)

13 do do do

Lady's Book for six dollars.

Three Copies of the Saturday Evening Post and two of the Ladies Garland for five dollars

Two Copies of the Saturday Evening Post, and two of the Fountain, (containing 252 pages of original letter press, and 8 of Sartains best Magazine engraving,) for four dollars.

DEACON & PATTERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

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JAPAN MAGUIRE HAT & CAP MANUFACT'R

F Street, between Pennsylvania avenue, and 6th streets, Northern opposite the Theatre Washington City.

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THE IRON CITY

The cheapest Paper in the West!

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

This paper hereafter will be furbished subscribers on the following

TERMS.

If Some year paid in advance, $1,00

do do, paid within three months 1,00

If paid after the end of the year, 1,50

Whitney and Dunn

---

Scientific American,

CIRCULATION 16,000

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

At 128 Fulton, Street N. Y. In Building

MUNN & Co. Proprietors

The Principal Office being at New York

Branch Offices, Boston, Mass. New York City, Weld, & co., New Orleans.

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GARDEN AND FLOWER SEED

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J. F. CALLAN'S

Drug store corner E 7, Sts.

Among which may be found the following. Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do. do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cheriu, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, ar ly prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excelent for soups, Onions white red and silver Parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears very early, and late dipper squash and other pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spurind Spinach of every variety, turnips the finest of turnips all the onion setts &c

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M'MAKINS MODEL AMERICAN COURIER,

THE NOUVELLETTE VOLUME

Make up your Clubs for A NEW YEAR!—A NEW VOLUME And new inducements!

$2,000 for Extra Literary Talent in one Year!!

Twenty American Nouvellettes For Volume Twenty,

The Proprietor of M'Makin's Model American Courier,

Determined to keep it in the van of competition, and make it emphatically the Literary Journal of the country has made arrangements to receive for volume twenty, which commenced March 6, 1850 Twenty Original Nouvellettes and Tales from the most talented writers of America, and elsewhere, among which will be—

AN original Nouvellette or Tale of Fashionable Life—By N. P. Willis

AN original nouvellette—by Fanny Forrester," (now Mrs Judson,) entitled "The Boarding School."

AN original nouvellette of Historical Interest—By Mrs. Ann S Stephens.

An original nouvellette of Nautical Life—by a late Novelist,

An original nouvellette of Domestic life—by Mrs Catoline Lee Hentz, Author of the Courier's Prize story "The MOB CAP" &c.

An original nouvellette—T. S Arthur, author of numerous popular Nouvellettes Sketches, Tales," &c.

An original nouvellette By William Gilmore Simms author of "The Yemassee," Guy Rivers," &c.

An original nouvellette—"Ruth Emsley A Tale of the Virginia Massacre" By W. H. Carpenter author of "Claiborne the Rebel, etc.

An original nouvellette—By Professor Suther, of Kentucky author of "Leaves from the Diary of a Physician out of practice," etc.

An original nouvellette—By Henry William Herbert, ("Frank Forrester,") author American Field Sports and numerous Tales, Essays, etc.

And many others besides original poems Sketches, Tales etc, from distinguished Writers, and original Weekly Letters from paris and London, Graphic and powerful letters from England and the Continent Communipaw" Weekly translations of "parisian Gossip and news," ect ect. ect together with all other subjects, matters and departments which should go to make up a paper of the ever highest interest and popularity.

TERMS OF AMERICAN COURIER

☞ The Terms of the American Courier for a single year are two Dollars per annum, but in order to continue an immense circulation the Publisher still proposes to Clubs or Companies the Following Terms best ever offered! payment invariably in Advance.

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|---|---|
| Four Copies of the American courier | $5! |
| Eight " (and one for the agent) | 10!! |
| Thirteen | 15!!! |
| Twenty | 20!!! |

Over Twenty copies at the same rate as the last.

Two copies of the American Courier and Sears or Sartins Magazine one year, $4

Three " " and one Sartins or Sears' Pictorial magazine, american revolution, or Great Britain, 6

Six " " and two copies of either Sears' or Sartin's magazine, american revolution or Great Britain, 10

☞ Members of old 'clubs' are perfectly eligible to the offers to new ones.

☞ All communications must be addressed, post paid

ANDREW M'MAKIN,

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THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (secrets. between Berkman and Ann stren D

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance for, paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adherence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsburg, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

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